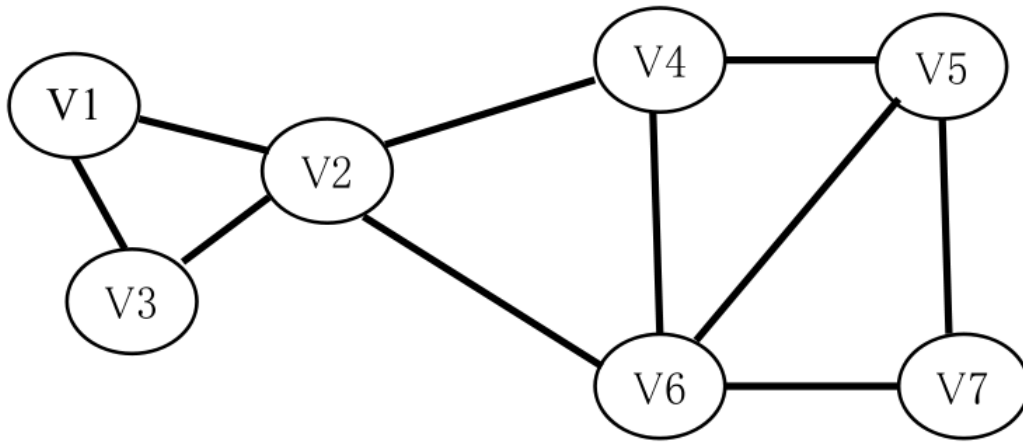


### Problem 1

Given the graph  $G(V, E)$  below:



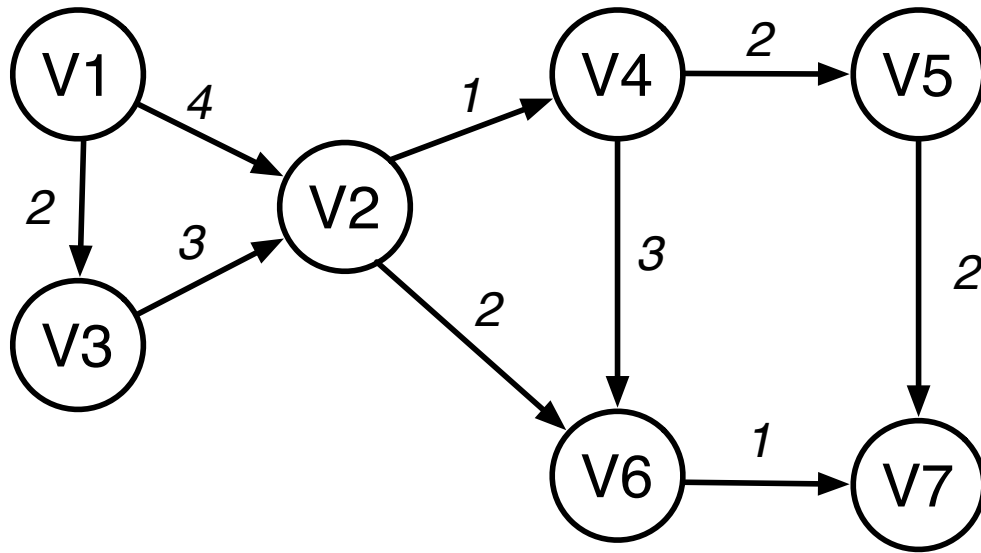
- (a) Show a minimum clique cover.
- (b) Draw the complement graph.
- (c) Color the complement graph with the smallest number of colors.

### Problem 2

See the *Direct Acyclic Graph* (DAG)  $G(V, E, W)$  below.

Consider vertex  $V_1$  as the source and vertex  $V_7$  as the sink. Find the shortest path from  $V_1$  to  $V_7$  by applying the following algorithms:

- (a) Dijkstra algorithm.
- (b) Bellman-Ford algorithm.



### Problem 3

Given the following function:  $F = ab + a'c + a'b'c'$

- (a) Write the truth table.
- (b) Show the vertexes of the cube where the function is true and circle the min-terms of the function F.

### Problem 4

Given the following three peaces of pseudo-code:

Write the Control-Flow Expression that executes the three programs in parallel.

Code 1:

```
while a {  
  while b {  
    if (c) P1  
    else P2  
  }  
  P3  
}
```

Code 2:

```
wait d {  
  a  
}
```

Code 3:

```
wait e {  
  a  
}
```

## Problem 5

Given the following equations:

$$x_1 = (a + 3);$$

$$x_2 = b;$$

$$x_3 = (3 \times c);$$

$$x_4 = (d + e);$$

$$x = 3 + x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \times x_4 + 2;$$

- Apply variable propagation and draw the data-flow graph (Inputs are  $[a, b, c, d, e]$  and the output is  $x$ ). Assume all additions and multiplications can have only 2 inputs.
- Apply tree height reduction on the data-flow graph from point (a).
- Apply constant propagation and operator strength reduction. Draw the resulting data-flow graph.