Radiation Biology, Protection and Applications (PHYS-450)

## Quiz No. 4

Week 13

## Problem 1:

The density of an NaCl crystal is 2.17 g/cm<sup>3</sup>. Compute the atom densities of Na and Cl. (*The atomic weight of the Na and Cl are 22.990 and 35.453, respectively*).

## Problem 2:

What is the intensity of gamma rays (cm<sup>-2</sup>.s<sup>-1</sup>) from a 10 curie source of <sup>22</sup>Na surrounded by 5 cm of lead? (*The build-up factor is 2.1*; *the <sup>22</sup>Na gamma energy is 1.28 MeV and the corresponding total linear absorption coefficient is 0.66 cm<sup>-1</sup>*).

N.B. : 1 *Ci* = 3.7 x 10<sup>10</sup> *Bq* 

## Problem 3:

Calculate the mass attenuation coefficient of UO<sub>2</sub> for 1MeV  $\gamma$ -rays. (*The density of UO<sub>2</sub> is about 10 g/cm<sup>3</sup>*. For 1 MeV  $\gamma$ -rays  $\mu/\rho$  is 0.0757 cm<sup>2</sup>/g and 0.0636 cm<sup>2</sup>/g for uranium and oxygen, respectively).

N.B. : Consider <sup>238</sup>U in UO<sub>2</sub>