# **13: Advanced MRI Contrast Mechanisms**

- 1. How does moving blood affect the image phase ?
- 2. What is the effect of self-diffusion on the MR signal ?
- 3. Why is diffusion in vivo not isotropic?
  - Fiber tracking
- 4. How do the different imaging modalities compare ?
  - Capabilities
  - Limitations
  - Choice
- 5. Comparison by examples

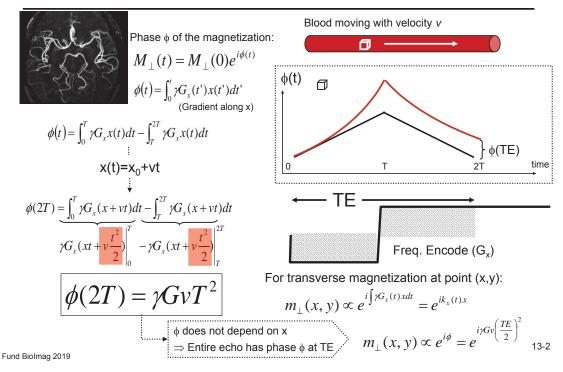
#### After this week you

- 1. Understand the influence of motion on the phase of magnetization
- 2. Understand how random motion leads to echo amplitude reduction
- 3. Are able to calculate the attenuation of the MR signal due to diffusion
- 4. Understand how diffusion-weighted MRI signal reflects cellular structure and how this can be exploited to track nerve fibers, among others
- 5. Have a firm grasp on the premises and limitations of the imaging modalities covered in this course

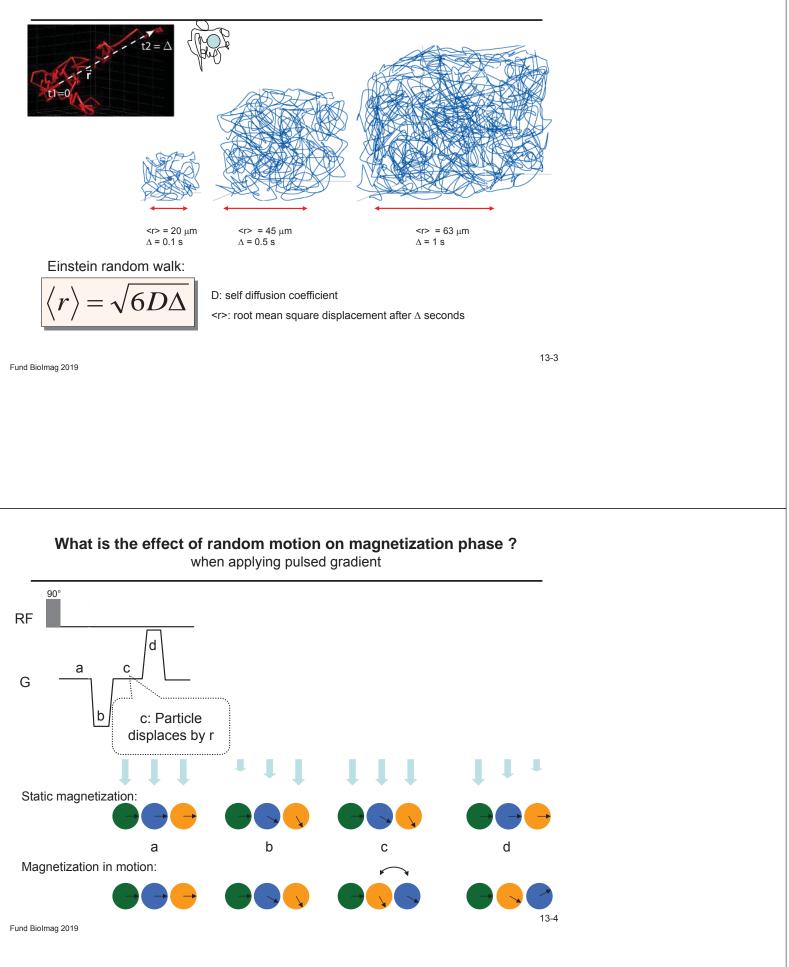
13-1

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13-1. How does Bulk Motion affect the Rephased Signal ? (Blood Flow)

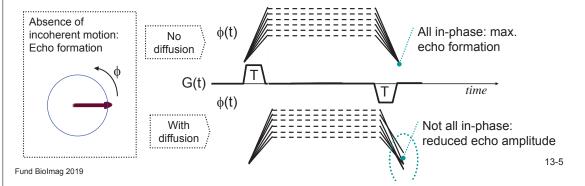


### 13-2. How does self-Diffusion influence the MR signal ?



### **Ex. Effect of Diffusion on Magnetization**

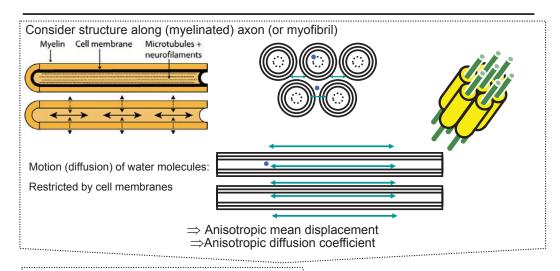
Phase  $\phi$  of M<sub>xv</sub>



#### How is the effect of diffusion on the MR signal described ? Mathematical description

gradient echo, i.e. sensitive to T<sub>2</sub>\* Degree of echo signal reduction δ 1. Strength of the diffusion process (D) 2. Delay between dephasing and rephasing G gradient ( $\Delta$ ) 3. Area of the dephasing gradient (strength Δ G, duration  $\delta$ ) Attenuation of the signal (echo  $S(b) = S_o e^{-bD}$  $=(\gamma G\delta)^2(\Delta-\delta/3)$ amplitude) due to diffusion in the direction of G δ D: apparent diffusion coefficient (ADC) G G Equivalent sequence (spin echo, i.e. Δ sensitive to  $T_2$ ) 180<sup>0</sup> RF 13-6 Fund Biolmag 2019

## 13-3. How is Anisotropic Water Diffusion described ?



Diffusion coefficient depends on gradient orientation  $\rightarrow \text{ Diffusion tensor } D_{ij} \qquad \qquad D = \begin{pmatrix} D_{xx} & D_{xy} & D_{xz} \\ D_{yx} & D_{yy} & D_{yz} \\ D_{zx} & D_{zy} & D_{zz} \end{pmatrix}$ 

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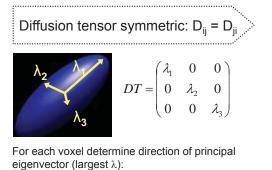
13-7

# Diffusion tensor imaging (DTI)

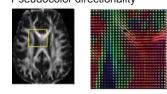
imaging anisotropic diffusion

3 orthogonal Eigenvectors

 $\rightarrow$  Eigenvalues  $\lambda_i$ 

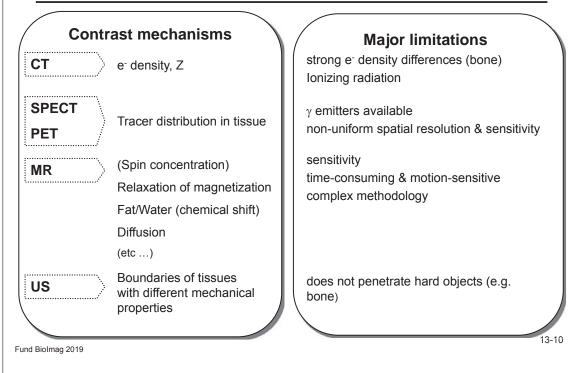


Pseudocolor directionality



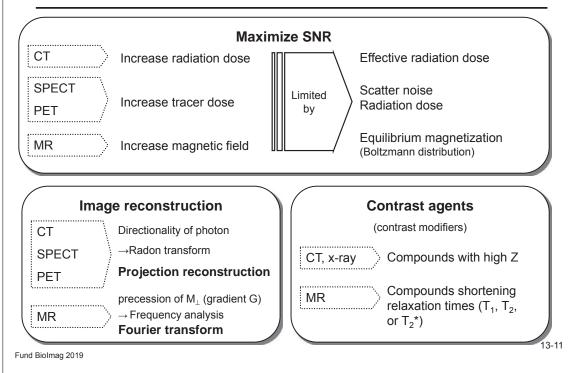
## 13-4. Bio-imaging modalities comparison

I. contrast and limitations



# Comparison II

SNR, reconstruction, contrast agents



## Which bioimaging modality is right for you ?

