computational social media

lecture 3: tweeting

part 1

daniel gatica-perez





this lecture



- a human-centric view of twitter
 - 1. introduction
 - 2. twitter users & uses
 - 3. understanding large-scale human behavior
 - 4. inferring real-world events & trends
 - 5. spreading information in the real world

twitter basic official statistics

https://about.twitter.com/company, accessed 2014, 2016-2020

mission

"to give everyone the power to create and share ideas and information instantly, without barriers"

monthly active users					
tweets sent per day					
active users on mobile					
accounts outside the US					
supported languages					
employees					

2014	2016	2018 & later
241M	320M	N/A
500M	N/A	N/A
76%	80%	N/A
77%	79%	N/A
35+	35+	N/A
2700	2000	NI/A

"an echo chamber of random chatter"

"140 characters: between an SMS (with larger audience) and a blog (but less cumbersome)"

280 characters (Fall 2017)





just setting up my twttr



12:50 PM - 21 Mar 2006

https://twitter.com/jack/status/20

https://about.twitter.com/milestones

before twitter...

古池や蛙飛び込む水の音 ふるいけやかわずとびこむみずのおと

The Dinosaur

old pond . . . a frog leaps in water's sound

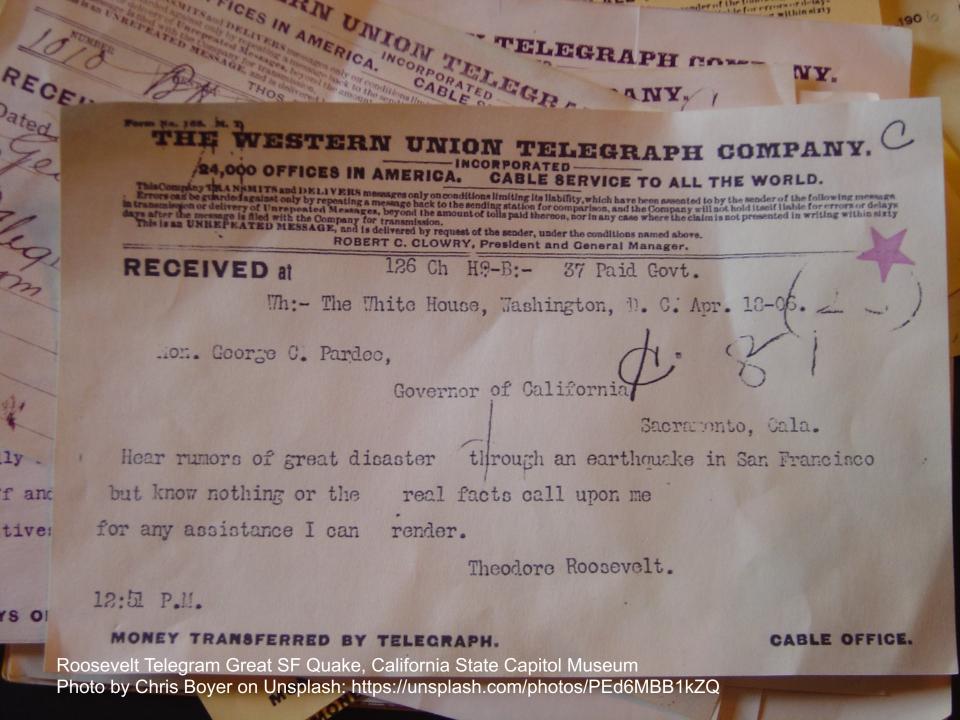
On waking, the dinosaur was still there.

Bashõ (17th century)

Augusto Monterroso (20th century)

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Haiku

https://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Microrrelato







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what is twitter made of?



follow (2006) users subscribe to other users' tweets



hashtags # (2007, official 2009) words articulating a topic or event allow for search and clustering



retweet RT (2007, official 2009) repost tweets towards one's followers enables trends by retweeting

https://about.twitter.com/press/brand-assets

https://about.twitter.com/milestones

J. van Dijck The culture of connectivity, Oxford University Press, 2013

hashtags

link strangers into larger conversations

facilitate impromptu interactions

not directed communication but a stream

enable the emergence of trending topics



Swiss Embassy 🔮 @SwissEmbassyUSA · 7h

Today we celebrate #WorldWaterDay as a reminder of this precious & essential resource on #earth. #Switzerland is committed to sustaining high #environmental standards. Strict laws & regulations ensure access to fresh #water and 1/3 can be drunk without treatment.



Wengen Switzerland @Wengen Swiss · Mar 19

One of the best skiing days in this winter season. #wengen **#Switzerland** #inlovewithswitzerland #skiing



Switzerland Tourism ♥ @MySwitzerland_e · Mar 20

Today is the #FirstDayOfSpring! The first signs of spring can also be seen in various places around **#Switzerland**. **!** Are you looking forward to the new season?

https://twitter.com/SwissEmbassyUSA/status/1374086527328907270 https://twitter.com/WengenSwiss/status/1372877615472738308 https://twitter.com/MySwitzerland_e/status/1373205370017964035





how do you feel about using # (pound) for groups. As in #barcamp [msg]?



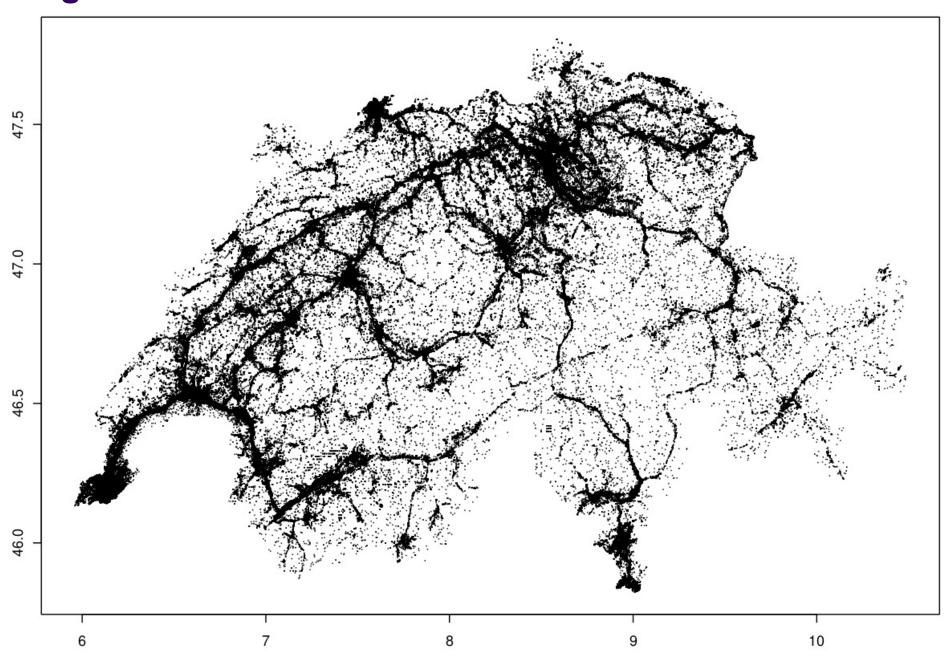
12:25 PM - 23 Aug 2007

https://twitter.com/chrismessina/status/223115412



https://twitter.com/ericrice

geolocation



users and usage

2006: older professional users in business and news

2009: shift to younger adults, then mainstream

from <u>social network</u> to <u>information network</u>

tool for communication

- people's everyday small talk
- journalism
- political grassroots activism
- emergencies and disasters
- community participation
- misinformation

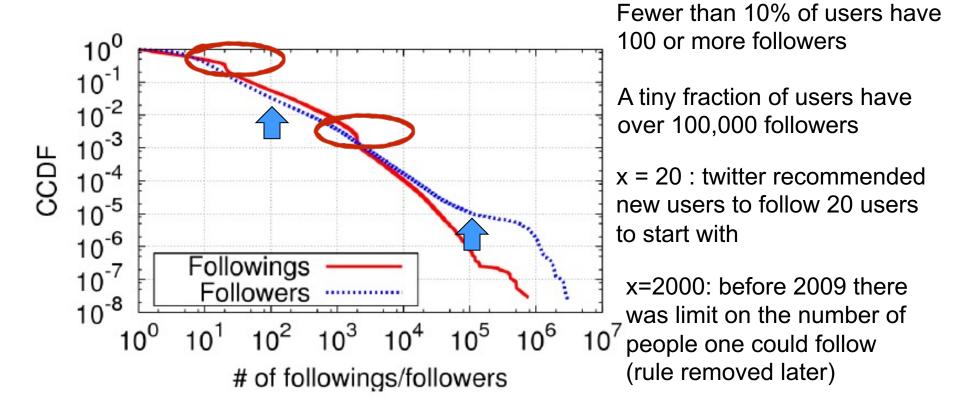
tool for self-promotion

- celebrities, stars
- politicians

"the impulse to make life a publicly annotated experience has blurred the distinction between advertising and self-expression, marketing and identity" (Hagan 2011)

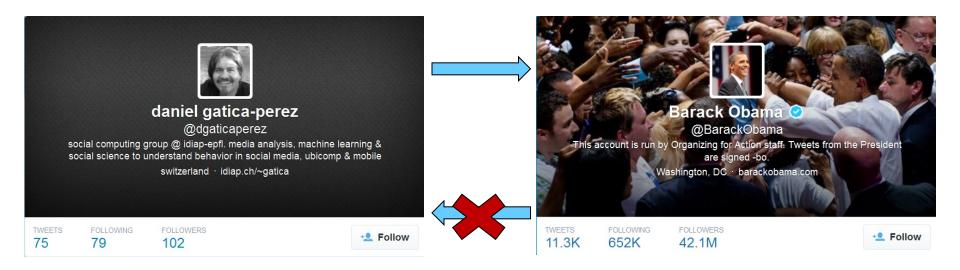
- J. van Dijck The culture of connectivity, Oxford University Press, 2013
- D. Murthy, Twitter: Social Communication in the Twitter Age, Polity Press, 2013
- J. Hagan, Tweet Science, New York Magazine, October 2011.

twitter basic descriptive statistics (2009) 41.7M user profiles



CCDF: Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function CCDF(x) = 1 - F(x) = P(X>x)

following vs. friending



"connection with very low expectation": weak ties (Murthy, 2013)

low reciprocity, highly asymmetric links (Kwak, 2010)

"77.9% of user pairs with any link between them are connected one-way."

"67.6% of users are not followed by any of their followings. For these users Twitter is rather a source of information than a social networking site"

- D. Murthy, Twitter: Social Communication in the Twitter Age, Polity Press, 2013
- H. Kwak, C. Lee, H. Park, S. Moon, What is Twitter: a social network or a news media? in Proc. WWW 2010.

real names in twitter





Samsung Mobile

Samsung Mobile

@SamsungMobile

Welcome to the official Samsung Mobile Global channel on Twitter, where we bring you the latest Samsung Mobile developments and mobile phone news.

facebook.com/samsungmobile

TWEETS FOLLOWING FOLLOWERS 7.6M

twitter does not require real names
pseudonyms are valuable in information
networks: "not real names but persistent
identity with reputation attached"

it works as identity service for individuals & entities whose long-time presence depends on being identified

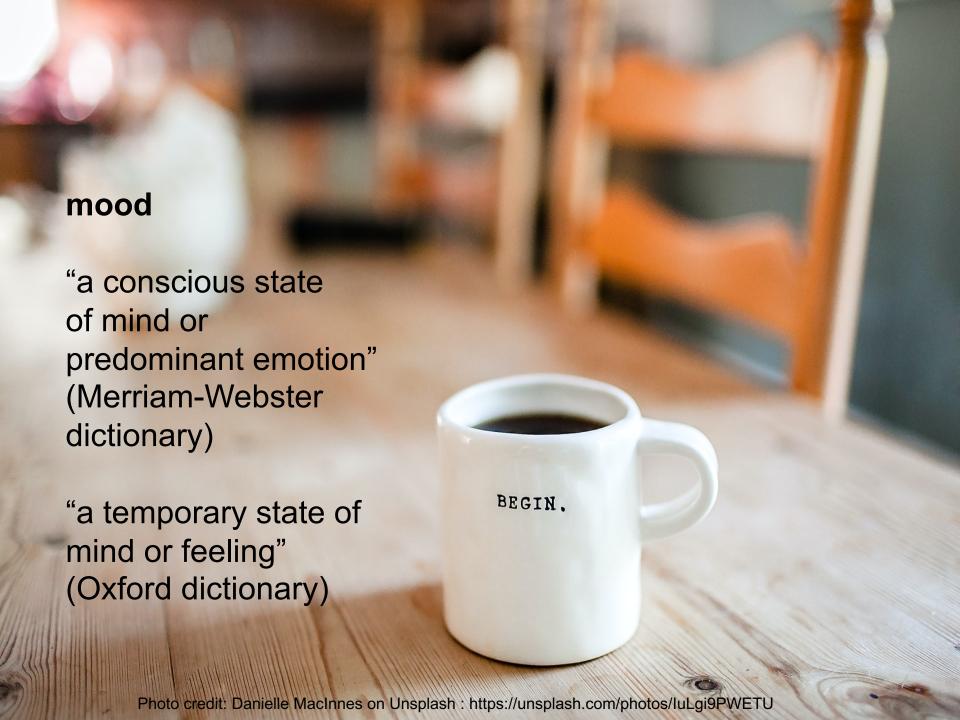
downside: fake user accounts

M. Ingram, Why Twitter doesn't care what your real name is. GigaOM, Sep 2011

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case study: twitter and human mood



understanding mood expressed on Twitter

positive affect (PA):

enthusiasm, delight, activeness, alertness

negative affect (NA):

distress, fear, anger, guilt

PA and NA are independent dimensions

low PA: absence of positive feelings, not presence of negative ones

goal: study variations in PA & NA over time of day, day of week, and world region using longitudinal twitter data

- * 2.4 million twitter users worldwide
- * 509 million tweets
- * up to 400 public messages per user
- * all users had at least 25 messages
- * average: 212 tweets/user
- * period: 02.2008 and 01.2010
- * only english speakers

extraction of positive affect (PA) and negative affect (NA)



Vice President Kamala Harris **⊘** @VP · Mar 20

United States government official

Sending best wishes to @SuluhuSamia following her swearing in as
Tanzania's new President - the first woman to hold the office. The United
States stands ready to work with you to strengthen relations between our
countries. https://twitter.com/VP/status/1373341947184693252



Linguistic Inquiry & Word Count (LIWC)

Word categories related to psychological constructs and personal concerns

Word count per category





LIWC: Linguistic Inquiry & Word Count (2022, 2015, 2007, 2001, 1999)



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DISCOVER THE WORLD OF WORDS

Linguistic Inquiry and Word Count (LIWC) is the gold standard in software for analyzing word use. It can be used to study a single individual, groups of people over time, or all of social media.



EASY TO USE

LIWC-22 requires no advanced linguistics or computer science skills. With it, you can analyze single or multiple text files, words in spreadsheets, or simply copy and paste text into the program. Your results can be displayed in word clouds, graphs, or data spreadsheets.



THE HIGHEST **SCIENTIFIC STANDARDS**

LIWC-22 analyzes over 100 dimensions of text, all of which have been validated by respected labs around the world. Over 20,000 scientific articles have already been published using LIWC.



FLEXIBILITY FOR MORE ADVANCED **USERS**

LIWC-22 works as an all-inclusive desktop application which now integrates with other programming languages like Python and R while still taking advantage of the LIWC processing engine.

Table 2. LIWC-22 Language Dimensions and Reliability

Category	Abbrev.	Description/Most frequently used exemplars	Words/ Entries in category*	Internal Consistency: Cronbach's α	Internal Consistency: KR-20		
Summary Variables							
Word count	WC	Total word count			_		
Analytical thinking	Analytic	Metric of logical, formal thinking		dictionary: 12,000 words (2022) 6,400 words i(2015) 4,500 words (2007)			
Clout	Clout	Language of leadership, status	dictionary				
Authentic	Authentic	Perceived honesty, genuineness	_				
Emotional tone	Tone	Degree or positive (negative) tone	12,000				
Words per sentence	WPS	Average words per sentence	6 400				
Big words	BigWords	Percent words 7 letters or longer	,				
Dictionary words	Dic	Percent words captured by LIWC	4,500				
Linguistic Dimensions	Linguistic		_	_			
Total function words	function	the, to, and, I	each wor	ord belongs to one or categories			
Total pronouns	pronoun	I, you, that, it					
Personal pronouns	ppron	I, you, my, me	111016	alegories			
1st person singular	i	I, me, my, myself					
1st person plural	we	we, our, us, lets		le: "agree" is part affect, positive			
2nd person	you	you, your, u, yourself	of:		positive		
3rd person singular	shehe	he, she, her, his	omotio	ns and as	•		
3rd person plural	they	they, their, them, themsel*	emono	iis and ass			
Impersonal pronouns	ipron	that, it, this, what					
Determiners	det	the, at, that, my	over 60	over 60 word categories (excluding punctuation)	categories		
Articles	article	a, an, the, alot	(exclud		uation)		
Numbers	number	one, two, first, once	(3/(3)				
Prepositions	prep	to, of, in, for					

R. L. Boyd, A. Ashokkumar, S. Seraj & J. W. Pennebaker. The development and psychometric properties of LIWC-22. The University of Texas at Austin, 2022

positive emotion category words

```
prais resolv
                                              considerateeager
thanks
              huckideligh thänkf awar
                   bonus Juckedhelpsarir
            freedearjokeglory
```

negative emotion category words



measurements

$$PA_u(h) = \frac{\|PAWORDS_u(h)\|}{\|WORDS_u(h)\|} \tag{1}$$

where $h \in H$ and $H = \{0 \dots 167\}$, or the 168 hours of the week (24 hours/day * 7 days). The measure for NA was computed similarly, as were the measures taken over 24 hours.

Between-individual variation captures how individuals differ from one another in their baseline affect regardless of the time of day or day of week. It is simply the individual's mean affect across all hours:

$$BPA_u = \overline{PA_u} = \frac{1}{\|H\|} \sum_{h \in H} PA_u(h) \tag{2}$$

The within-individual PA score for a person-hour measures the signed difference between the person's score that hour and their baseline as defined in (2). Within-individual scores are comparable across people because individuals' baseline tendencies toward being upbeat or downbeat have been removed, leaving only the change over time that is within each individual:

$$WPA_{u}(h) = PA_{u}(h) - BPA_{u} + \frac{1}{\|UH\|} \sum_{(u,h)\in UH} PA_{u}(h)$$
(3)

where (u, h) pairs indicate user-hours and UH is the set of all such pairs in the dataset.¹

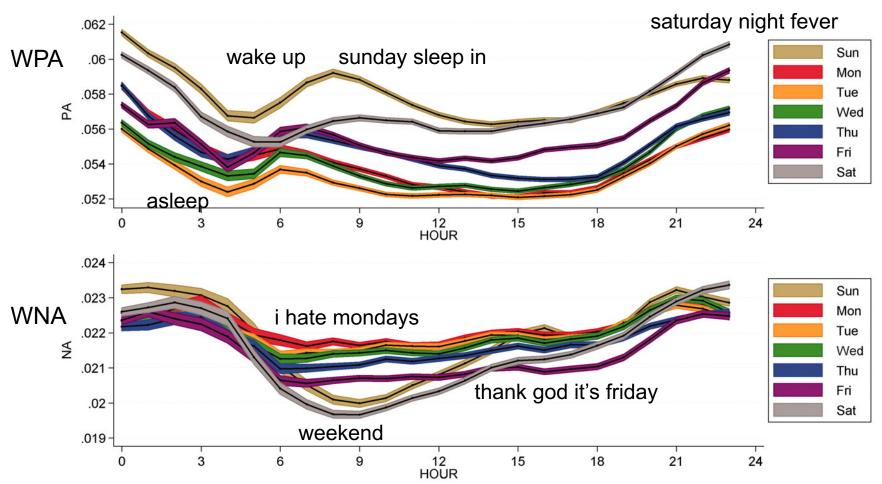


Fig. 1 Hourly changes in individual affect broken down by day of the week (top, PA; bottom, NA). Each series shows mean affect (black lines) and 95% confidence interval (colored regions)



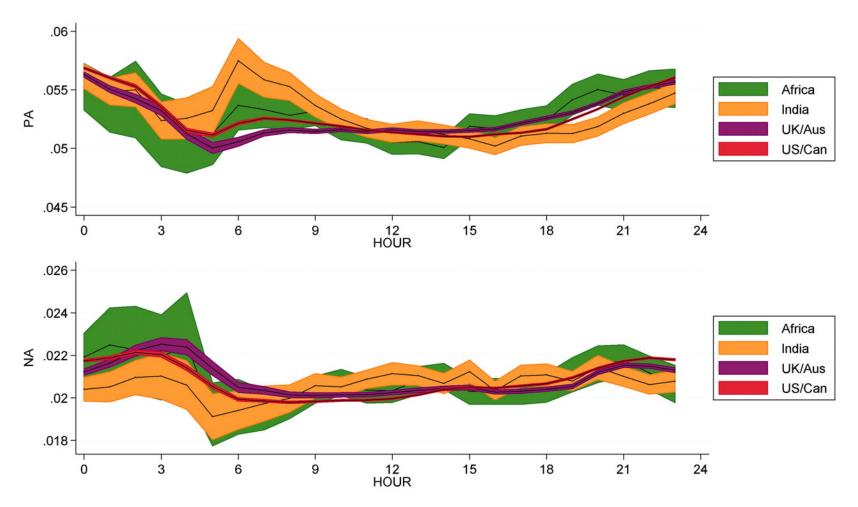
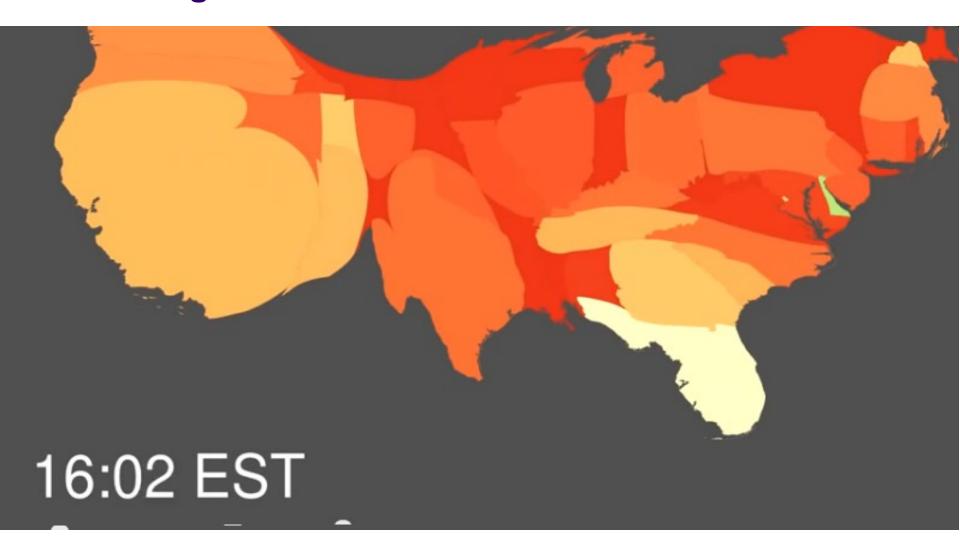


Fig. 2 Hourly changes in individual affect in four English-speaking regions.

Each series shows mean affect (black lines) and 95% confidence interval (colored regions)



visualizing twitter mood



A. Mislove et al., Pulse of the Nation: US mood throughout the day inferred from Twitter (2010) http://www.ccs.neu.edu/home/amislove/twittermood

what to remember

twitter: an information network

brevity has been a value across cultures & situations a network of weak links low reciprocity, highly asymmetric

large-scale human behavior

language in tweets: short yet informative traces of human states like mood beware of biased data

questions?