## Artificial Neural Networks (Gerstner). Exercises for week 10

## Reinforcement Learning and the Brain

## Exercise 1. A biological interpretation of the Advantage Actor-Critic with Eligibility traces

In this exercise you will show how applying Advantage Actor-Critic with eligibity traces to a softmax policy in combination with a linear read-out function leads to a biologically plausible learning rule.

Consider a policy and a value network as in Figure 1 with K input neurons  $\{y_k = f(x - x_k)\}_{k=1}^K$ . The policy network is parameterized by  $\theta$  and has three output neurons corresponding to actions  $a_1$ ,  $a_2$  and  $a_3$  with 1-hot coding. If  $a_k = 1$  implies that action  $a_k$  is taken and we have  $a_{k'} = 0$  for  $k' \neq k$  The output neurons are sampled from a softmax policy: The probability of taking action  $a_i$  is given by

$$\pi_{\theta}(a_i = 1|x) = \frac{\exp\left(\sum_{k=1}^K \theta_{ik} y_k\right)}{\sum_j \exp\left(\sum_{k=1}^K \theta_{jk} y_k\right)}.$$
 (1)

In addition, consider the exponential value network

$$\hat{v}_w(x) = \exp\left(\sum_{k=1}^K w_k y_k\right). \tag{2}$$

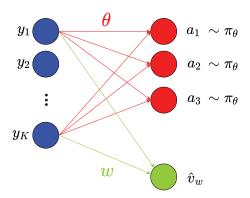


Figure 1: The network structure.

Assume the transition to state  $x^{t+1}$  with a reward of  $r^{t+1}$  after taking action  $a^t$  at state  $x^t$ . The learning rule for the Advantage Actor-Critic with Eligibility traces is

$$\delta \leftarrow r^{t+1} + \gamma \hat{v}_w(x^{t+1}) - \hat{v}_w(x^t)$$

$$z^w \leftarrow \lambda^w z^w + \nabla_w \hat{v}_w(x^t)$$

$$z^\theta \leftarrow \lambda^\theta z^\theta + \nabla_\theta \log \pi_\theta(a^t | x^t)$$

$$w \leftarrow w + \alpha^w z^w \delta$$

$$\theta \leftarrow \theta + \alpha^\theta z^\theta \delta$$

Your goal is to show that this learning rule applied to the network of Figure 1 has a biological interpretation.

a. Show that

$$\frac{d}{dw_5}\hat{v}_w(x^t) = y_5^t\hat{v}_w(x^t). \tag{3}$$

- b. Interpret the update of the eligibity trace  $z_5^w$  in terms of a 'presynaptic factor' and a 'postsynaptic factor'. Can the rule be implemented in biology?
- c. Show that

$$\frac{d}{d\theta_{35}}\log\left(\pi_{\theta}\left(a^{t}|x^{t}\right)\right) = \left(a_{3}^{t} - \pi_{\theta}\left(a_{3} = 1|x^{t}\right)\right)y_{5}^{t}.\tag{4}$$

Hint: simply insert the softmax and then take the derivative.

- d. Interpret the update of the eligibity trace  $z_{35}^{\theta}$  in terms of a 'presynaptic factor' and a 'postsynaptic factor'. Can the rule be implemented in biology?
- e. Interpret the update of the weights  $w_5$  and  $\theta_{35}$  in the framework of three factor learning rules. Can the rule be implemented in biology?