



Differential Geometry II - Smooth Manifolds

Winter Term 2023/2024

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Exercise Sheet 1

Exercise 1:

Show that if a topological space M is locally Euclidean at some point $p \in M$ (i.e., p has a neighborhood that is homeomorphic to an open subset of \mathbb{R}^n), then p has a neighborhood that is homeomorphic to the whole space \mathbb{R}^n or to an open ball in \mathbb{R}^n .

Exercise 2:

Examine which of the following spaces (endowed with the subspace topology) is locally Euclidean:

- (a) The closed interval $[0, 1] \subseteq \mathbb{R}$.
- (b) The “bent line” $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x \geq 0, y \geq 0, xy = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$.

Exercise 3 (*The line with two origins*):

Consider the set

$$X = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid y \in \{-1, 1\}\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$$

and let M be the quotient of X by the equivalence relation generated by $(x, -1) \sim (x, 1)$ for all $x \neq 0$. Show that M is locally Euclidean and second-countable, but not Hausdorff.

Exercise 4 (to be submitted by Friday, 29.09.2023, 20:00):

Consider the subset

$$V = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid (x-1)(x-y) = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$$

endowed with the subspace topology. Show that V is not a topological manifold.

Exercise 5 (*Product manifolds*):

Let M_1, \dots, M_k be topological manifolds of dimensions n_1, \dots, n_k , respectively, where $k \geq 2$. Show that the product space $M_1 \times \dots \times M_k$ is a topological manifold of dimension $n_1 + \dots + n_k$.

In particular, the n -torus $\mathbb{T}^n := \mathbb{S}^1 \times \dots \times \mathbb{S}^1$ is a topological n -manifold.